# Bloomingdale Township Bloomingdale, Illinois

# **Annual Financial Report**

For the year ended March 31, 2020

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### **LEGISLATIVE**

### **TOWNSHIP BOARD OF TRUSTEES**

Michael D. Hovde Jr., Supervisor

Branka Poplonski, Town Clerk

Cindy Franceschini

Heather Pransky

Michael McGinn

Robert P. Tolentino

### **ADMINISTRATIVE**

Michael D. Hovde Jr., Supervisor

# **OTHER ELECTED OFFICIALS**

John T. Dabrowski, Assessor

Robert Czernek, Highway Commissioner

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### Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees Bloomingdale Township Bloomingdale, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bloomingdale Township, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Township's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for Bloomingdale Township, as of March 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and other required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Bloomingdale Township's basic financial statements. The Introductory Section and the Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Wipfli LLP Aurora, Illinois July 17, 2020

Wippei LLP

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended March 31, 2020

The Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is an element of the financial reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. In this area Bloomingdale Township (the Township) presents its discussion and analysis of the Township's

area Bloomingdale Township (the Township) presents its discussion and analysis of the Township's financial performance and provides an overall review of the Township's financial activities for the fiscal year-end March 31, 2020. The management of the Township encourages readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Township's financial performance.

### **General Information**

Bloomingdale Township was established as a Township in 1862. The purpose of the Township is providing services to the residents.

### **Financial Highlights**

Bloomingdale Township net position was \$12,308,764 at March 31, 2020.

Capital Assets of \$4,385,642 at March 31, 2020 include land, buildings, furniture and equipment and infrastructure, net of accumulated depreciation. Capital Assets are down slightly from last year's \$4,718,709. The decrease was from new acquisitions being outpaced by depreciation recognized and during the year. The new acquisitions of \$484,037 were primarily new and used trucks and equipment at the Highway Department. The Township Supervisor's Office also installed an upgraded system of energy efficient lighting, net of a rebate from ComEd. Construction was also started on the remodel of our food pantry to allow the "client-choice" shopping where residents in need actually go down the aisles to more appropriately select their needs.

Unrestricted net position is \$2,226,748. These are funds available to maintain the continuing operations of the Township.

Restricted net position is \$5,695,374. The Township has set aside funds for retirement in excess of the pension obligation, as well as for maintenance of roads, general assistance, and police protection.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This report consists of three parts: MD&A (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Township:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the Township's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the Township, reporting the Township's operations and in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The fund financial statements have the following two primary components.

- The governmental funds statements tell how basic services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending.
- The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The reader should refer to these notes for a better understanding of the overall financial statements.

The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements.

Figure A-1 summarizes the organization of the Township's financial statements, including the portion of the township's activities they cover and the types of information contained.

Figure A-1 Organization of Bloomingdale Township Annual Financial Report

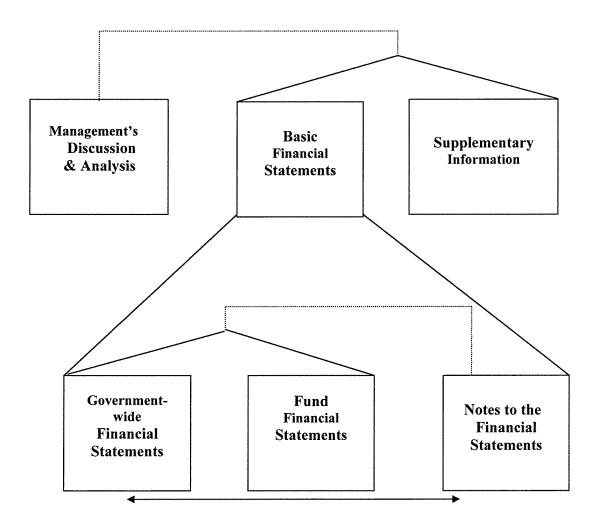


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the Township's financial statements, including the portion of the Township's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of the MD&A and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended March 31, 2020

Figure A-2 Major Features of the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Government-wide Statements	Fund Financial Statements				
		Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds			
Scope	Entire Township (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the Township that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as Town and Road Maintenance activities	Instances in which the Township administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as student activities monies			
Required financial statements	<ul> <li>Statement of net position</li> <li>Statement of activities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Balance sheet</li> <li>Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance</li> </ul>	Statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities			
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual basis of accounting	Modified accrual basis of accounting	Accrual basis of accounting			
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long- term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can			
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses for which the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs regardless of the timing of related cash flows	All revenues and expenses for which the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs as long as the related cash flows are settled in the near term.	All revenues and expenses for which the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs regardless of the timing of related cash flows			

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended March 31, 2020

### USING THE FINANCIAL SECTION OF THIS ANNUAL REPORT

### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Township's financial position and operations as a whole, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Township's current and non-current assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position, a concept similar to "equity" in enterprise financial statements.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Township's net position changed during the fiscal year being reported.

Use of the Net Position concept is one way to measure the Township's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in net position serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Township is improving or deteriorating.

 To assess the Township's overall financial health, consideration also needs to be given to other non-financial factors such as changes in the Township's property tax base, the condition of its facilities and other similar items.

In the Government-wide financial statements, the Township's activities are categorized as follows:

 Governmental Activities – Most of the Township's basic services such as transportation and administration are included. Property taxes and state grants finance most of these activities. Some support is received from local fees.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Township uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. This accounting presentation also provides information prepared on a consistent method with prior years to facilitate comparative analysis.

Governmental funds- These funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the Government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the Government-wide financial statement, governmental fund financial statements focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash, flow in and out of Township operations and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financials resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Township's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term asset and debt focus of the Government-wide financial statement, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

The financial content of the Government-wide financial statements differs from the financial content of the traditional fund based financial statements primarily due to:

- Recognition in the government-wide financial statements of the cost and related current and accumulated depreciation of long-term assets.
- Recognition in the government-wide financial statements of the remaining liability for the principal payments due that are related to long-term debt obligations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended March 31, 2020

Governmental funds are further summarized by a Major funds category and a Non-Major funds category.

 The major funds of the Township include its Town Fund, Mental Health Fund and General Road Fund.

The major and non-major category determinations are made annually based on previously prescribed fund balance materiality criteria. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in the fund balances for the combined total governmental funds and for each summary category of funds.

The Township also adopts an annual budget for each of the funds listed above except the Motor Fuel Tax Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each fund to demonstrate actual results compared with this budget.

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-wide and fund-based financial statements.

### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary financial concerning the Township's operations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended March 31, 2020

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT**

### **Statement of Net Position**

The following is a condensed summary of Net Position financial information as of March 31, 2020 and 2019.

Table 1 - Condensed Statements of Net Position								
				0040				
		2020		2019				
Assets:	_		_					
Current Assets	\$	12,256,850	\$	11,731,546				
Noncurrent Assets		3,414,856		765,925				
Capital Assets		4,385,642		4,718,709				
Total Assets		20,057,348		17,216,180				
Deferred outflows of resources		168,337		3,232,073				
Liabilities								
Due within one year		122,384		80,964				
Deferred inflows of resources		7,794,537		8,579,533				
Net Position:								
Invested in Capital Assets		4,385,642		4,718,709				
Restricted		5,696,374		5,553,121				
Unrestricted		2,226,748		2,249,487				
Total Net Position	\$	12,308,764	\$	12,521,317				

**Net Position** – The overall net position of the Township as of March 31, 2020 is \$12,308,764, with \$2,226,748 being unrestricted. The Township has current assets of \$12,256,850, consisting primarily of a property taxes receivable of \$6,599,732. It should be noted that no portion of this property tax receivable could be collected prior to June 2020. This receivable is directly offset by a matching liability of \$6,599,732 reflected as a Deferred Inflow of Property Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year on the page 13 Statement of Net Position. This statement and the accompanying note 1 g. should be referred to. The remaining current asset consists primarily of cash and cash equivalents.

**Changes in Net Position** – The following table provides a condensed government-wide summary of the changes in the net position of the Township for the 2020 and 2019 fiscal years. The fiscal year financial information is provided for total governmental activities.

Table 2 - Changes in Net Posit	ion						
		vernmental Activities 2020	Percentage of Total	•			
General Revenues:					····		
Taxes:							
Property	\$	6,472,085	92.3%	\$	6,586,962	94.4%	
Replacement		179,637	2.6%		136,445	2.0%	
Investment Income		94,296	1.3%		75,842	1.1%	
Miscellaneous		166,861	2.4%		105,812	1.5%	
Program Revenues - Operating							
Grants and Contributions		92,046	1.3%		67,399	1.0%	
Total Revenues	\$	7,004,925	99.9%	\$	6,972,460	100.0%	
Expenses:							
General Government		(3,009,241)	41.7%		(2,419,310)	40.0%	
Police Protection		(122,489)	1.7%		(121,521)	2.0%	
Highways and Streets		(3,517,880)	48.7%		(3,205,096)	53.0%	
Health and Welfare		(567,868)	7.9%		(303,219)	5.0%	
Total expenses		(7,217,478)	100.0%		(6,049,146)	100.0%	
Increase (Decrease)							
in net position		(212,553)			923,314		
Net Position,							
Beginning of Year		12,521,317			11,598,003		
Net Position,							
End of Year	\$	12,308,764	*	\$	12,521,317		

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended March 31, 2020

**Revenues**- The most substantial portion of Township revenues is derived from property taxes. This revenue source is limited by the State's "tax cap" methodology. In essence, the annual growth in Township property tax revenues is limited to the lower of 5% or the consumer price index. The resulting total property tax revenues for fiscal year 2020 were \$6,472,085 a 1.74% decrease over the prior year.

Rising interest rates at the various money markets utilized by the Township allowed Investment Income to increase. Total operating revenues for the 2020 fiscal year were \$7,004,925, an increase of \$32,465 over the prior year.

**Expenses-** Resulting total operating expenses for the 2020 fiscal year were \$7,217,478 an increase of \$1,168,332 over the prior year. Primary for that increase were adjustments to the IMRF pension evaluations for \$514,663. Growth of the Mental Health Fund also explains much of the increase to expenses for \$340,917. The third largest explanation of the cost increase over the prior year would simply be depreciation expense outpacing the new capitalization of assets for \$218,904.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWNSHIP'S FUNDS

### **Governmental Funds**

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020, the governmental funds reflect a combined fund balance of \$5,534,734 which is an increase of \$381,547 from the beginning of the fiscal year. Of the total fund balance, \$3,307,986 is restricted for specific tax levy uses and \$2,226,748 is unrestricted indicating availability for continuing Township services. \$271,500 of the unrestricted fund balance has been assigned by the Township for mosquito control services. A primary objective for the subsequent fiscal year 2020-2021 is to continue to reduce fund balances with lower tax levies, utilizing cost savings from the current year.

### **Major Governmental Funds**

The Township reports three major governmental funds: General Town Fund, Mental Health Fund and General Road Fund.

The General Town Fund accounts for the resources traditionally associated with the Township's operations that are not accounted for in another fund. Expenditures for General Government and Mosquito Control are accounted for through the General Town Fund. General Government includes expenditures for the Township Board, administration, clerk, assessor, code enforcement, risk management, and other charges not associated with a designated department but benefit all departments. The General Town Fund showed an decrease to the fund balance of \$22,739, which was due primarily to a planned reduction of \$150,416 in property tax collections.

By referendum in April 2017, Township residents passed a mental health board under the Illinois Community Mental Health Act (405 ILCS 20/0.1 et seq.). The required seven member board was appointed by the Township Supervisor in June 2018. The Board arrives at the annual budget and evaluates the grant applications of third party providers of mental health related services. The Board also recommends the annual levy to be approved by the Town Board. For the fiscal year 2020, the Board requested a levy of \$795,825. New grants for the year were awarded at \$663,063, but service providers have lagged behind in providing the planned services to date. The Mental Health fund increased by \$360,316 to account for \$1,008,645 of the total Township fund balance.

The General Road Fund provides for the maintenance and construction of rural roads within the Township borders. Maintenance includes trimming trees and mowing roadsides, plowing snow, and keeping roads and rights of way free from obstructions such as potholes and debris. The General Road Fund showed an increase to the fund balance of \$184,613.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended March 31, 2020

Unless otherwise restricted, revenue collected through the General Fund may be used to support all Township functions. However, revenue collected through the General Road Fund and the Township's non-major funds are legally restricted to expenditures for the purpose for which it was collected.

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

General (Town) Fund expenditures were \$636,198 less than the budget. The Township prides itself on fiscal responsibility. Again this year, across the board efficiencies saved the Township in comparison to the budget. Office and operating expenditures were significantly less than budget, as the Township held salaries and benefits in check.

Plans for budgeted additional capital improvements were deferred until the fiscal year 2020. The remodel project for the food pantry started late in the fiscal year, so costs to complete will attach to next year's budget.

Transportation costs were also under budget. The contract with Pace for the Township Dial-A-Ride program was lower than expectations and ridership was additionally down for the year.

### **Capital and Infrastructure Assets**

As of March 2020, the Township had a combined total of capital and infrastructure assets of \$4,385,642, net of depreciation, invested in land, buildings, trucks, machinery and equipment, office furniture and equipment, computers, and infrastructure assets. This investment represents a net decrease of \$40,139 including additions and deductions.

A detailed summary of the Township's capital assets can be found at Note 3 on pages 25.

# Capital and Infrastructure Assets at Fiscal Year-End Net of Depreciation

	overnmental Activities
Land	\$ 2,036,260
Buildings and Improvements	856,747
Equipment	1,488,286
Infrastructure	 4,349
	\$ 4,385,642

### Factors Bearing on the Township's Future

The initial \$750,000 levy for the Community Mental Health Act amounted to a tax rate of .0216, significantly below the referendum's set maximum of 0.15. The levy is subject to the property tax extension law rules which will restrict the levy from growing to the lesser of 5% and the consumer price index. Significant new services under the Act are now available through the twelve mental health providers awarded during the year.

### Conclusion

The Township continues to be free of any long-term debt and is confident in its financial position and resolve. Efforts to reduce and streamline expenses remain the Township's primary focus, while still providing the most efficient programs, services, and public benefits.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended March 31, 2020

### CONTACTING THE TOWNSHIP'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Bloomingdale Township's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the Township's commitment to public accountability. Questions regarding this report should be directed to the Township offices at 123 N. Rosedale Avenue, Bloomingdale, Illinois 60108.

Statement of Net Position March 31, 2020

Assets	Governme Activities					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	5,386,727				
Receivables						
Property Taxes		6,599,732				
Replacement Taxes		34,472				
Due from Other Governments		199,300				
Due from Employees - Flex Benefit		19,868				
Prepaid Items		16,751				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		2,036,260				
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)		2,349,382				
Net Pension Asset		3,414,856				
Total Assets		20,057,348				
Deferred Outflows						
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions		168,337				
Deferred Outflows Related to Perisions		100,337				
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses		66,538				
Salaries Payable		55,846				
Calaire Layabio		00,010				
Total Liabilities		122,384				
Deferred Inflows						
Property Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year		6,599,732				
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions						
Deletted tittlows Related to Petisions		1,194,805				
Total Deferred Inflows		7,794,537				
Net Position						
Investment in Capital Assets		4,385,642				
Restricted for		4,303,042				
Maintenance of Highways and Streets		1,976,939				
Mental Health		1,008,645				
General Assistance		81,610				
Police Protection		41,492				
Retirement		2,388,388				
Motor Fuel Tax		199,300				
Unrestricted		2,226,748				
Onestroted		2,220,140				
Total Net Position	\$	12,308,764				

**Program Revenues** Charges Operating Capital Governmental Function/Program Expenses for Services Grants Grants Activities **Current Operating** General Government \$ 3,009,241 \$ \$ \$ \$ (3,009,241) Police Protection (122,489)122,489 Highways and Streets 3,517,880 92,046 (3,425,834)Health and Welfare 567,868 (567,868)**Total Governmental Activities** \$ 7,217,478 \$ 92,046 \$ (7,125,432) **General Revenues Property Taxes** 6,472,085 Replacement Taxes 179,637 **Investment Earnings** 94,296

166,861

6,912,879

(212,553)

12,521,317

\$ 12,308,764

Miscellaneous

**Total General Revenues** 

**Change in Net Position** 

Net Position, End of Year

Net Position, Beginning of Year

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds March 31, 2020

		General	Mental	General	ı	Nonmajor		Total
		Town	Health	Road	Go	vernmental	G	overnmental
Assets		Fund	 Fund	 Fund		Funds		Funds
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables	\$	2,247,929	\$ 1,043,145	\$ 1,963,700	\$	131,953	\$	5,386,727
Property Taxes		2,426,132	830,708	3,100,986		241,906		6,599,732
Replacement Taxes  Due from Other Governments		13,440	_	21,032		199,300		34,472 199,300
Due from Flex Benefit		16,111	=	1,337		2,420		19,868
Prepaid Items		7,212	_	 9,539		-		16,751
Total Assets	\$	4,710,824	\$ 1,873,853	\$ 5,096,594	\$	575,579	\$	12,256,850
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balan	ces							
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$	16,811	\$ 34,500	\$ 5,020	\$	10,207	\$	66,538
Accrued Salaries and Related Expenditures		41,133	 _	 13,649		1,064		55,846
Total Liabilities		57,944	34,500	 18,669		11,271		122,384
Deferred inflows								
Property taxes levied for subsequent years		2,426,132	 830,708	3,100,986		241,906		6,599,732
Fund Balances								
Restricted for								
Maintenance of Highways and Streets		_	-	1,976,939		-		1,976,939
Mental Health		_	1,008,645	· · · · -		-		1,008,645
General Assistance		-	-	-		81,610		81,610
Police Protection		-	-	-		41,492		41,492
Motor Fuel Tax		-	-	-		199,300		199,300
Unrestricted Assigned								
Mosquito Control		271,500	_	_		_		271,500
Unassigned		1,955,248	-	-		-		1,955,248
-			 ······································					······
Total Fund Balances		2,226,748	 1,008,645	 1,976,939		322,402		5,534,734
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows,								
and Fund Balances	\$	4,710,824	\$ 1,873,853	\$ 5,096,594	\$	575,579	\$	12,256,850

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position March 31, 2020

Total Fund Balance	\$	5,534,734
Amounts reported for governmental activities are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$12,661,187 and the accumulated depreciation is \$8,275,545.		4,385,642
Net pension assets are not reported in the governmental funds.		3,414,856
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the governmental funds.  Deferred outflows  Deferred inflows	***************************************	168,337 (1,194,805)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	12,308,764

**BLOOMINGDALE TOWNSHIP**Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year Ended March 31, 2020

		General Mental Town Health Fund Fund		 General Road Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds	
Revenues									
Property Taxes	\$	2,568,639	\$	801,980	\$ 2,972,546	\$	128,920	\$	6,472,085
Replacement Taxes		70,036		-	109,601		-		179,637
Motor Fuel Taxes		-		_	-		92,046		92,046
Interest		41,278		15,736	31,006		6,276		94,296
Intergovernmental		89,850		-	-		-		89,850
Miscellaneous		45,200		-	119,946		1,715		166,861
Total Revenues	***************************************	2,815,003		817,716	 3,233,099		228,957		7,094,775
Expenditures									
Current Operating									
General Government		2,756,090		-	-		_		2,756,090
Police Protection		-		-	-		122,489		122,489
Highways and Streets		-		-	1,120,046		136,643		1,256,689
Health and Welfare		-		457,400	-		101,682		559,082
Capital Outlay		81,652		_	1,928,440		8,786		2,018,878
Total Expenditures	-	2,837,742		457,400	3,048,486		369,600		6,713,228
Net Change in Fund Balances		(22,739)		360,316	184,613		(140,643)		381,547
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		2,249,487		648,329	 1,792,326	,	463,045		5,153,187
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	2,226,748	\$	1,008,645	\$ 1,976,939	\$	322,402	\$	5,534,734

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended March 31, 2020

Total Net Change in Fund Balance		\$ 381,547
Amounts reported for governmental activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures; however, they are capitalized and depreciated in the statement of activities  Capital asset additions  Loss on capital asset disposals	\$ 484,037 (186,603)	297,434
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds  Depreciation		(630,501)
Some items reported on the statement of activities do not require the use of financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities consist of Change in net pension asset  Change in deferred outflows related to pensions		2,648,931 (3,063,736)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 153,772 (212,553)

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund March 31, 2020

Assets	****	Agency	FI	ex Benefit	Total Agency
Cash	\$	151,500	\$	13,746	\$ 165,246
Liabilities Deposits Payable	\$	151,500	\$		\$ 151,500
Benefits Payable				13,746	 13,746
Total Liabilities	_\$_	151,500	\$	13,746	\$ 165,246

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Bloomingdale Township (the Township) is an Illinois Township organized and operating principally under the authority of Chapter 60 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes and certain other provisions of Illinois law.

Services provided include general administration; assistance in assessment of property; aid to the poor and indigent; maintenance, improvement and construction of roads, bridges, ditches, curbs, and gutters; and supplemental police services to unincorporated portions of the Township.

The Township's accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Township's accounting policies are described below.

### a. Principles Used to Determine the Scope of the Reporting Entity

The Township is located in DuPage County, Illinois. The Township is governed by a Township Supervisor and four Trustees. In addition to the Town Board, elected officials include a Town Clerk, Assessor and Highway Commissioner.

The Township financial statements include all of the funds of the Township. The Road and Bridge Fund is legally a separate entity which is reported as a blended component unit. No other entity is considered a component unit using the GASB definition which would include:

- The Township's ability to impose its will on that organization;
- A potential ability by the Township to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the entity;
- An entity which is fiscally dependent on the Township.

Further, Bloomingdale Township is not included as a component unit in any other governmental reporting entity.

### b. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Township are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

Funds are classified into the following category: Governmental and Fiduciary

- Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the Township
  are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the Township's expendable financial
  resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The
  measurement focus is upon determination of changes in financial position, rather than
  upon net income determination.
- Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the Township in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals or private organizations.

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The following are the Township's governmental and fiduciary funds:

1. **General Fund** – The General (Town) Fund – The General (Town) Fund is the general operating fund of the Township. It is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for in another fund.

### 2. Special Revenue Funds

Mental Health Fund – The Mental Health Fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for the mental health services provided to Township residents.

General Road and Bridge Fund – The General Road Fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for the maintenance and repair of Township roads.

General Assistance Fund – The General Assistance Fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for general and emergency assistance needs of Township residents.

Special Police District Fund - The Special Police District Fund accounts for the proceeds of a separate tax levy on properties within the Township which lie in unincorporated areas. This fund provides for additional police protection to those residents since they do not receive such services from a city or village.

Motor Fuel Tax Fund – The Motor Fuel Tax Fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for the repair of Township roads.

3. Fiduciary Fund – The Agency Funds (Bond Escrow) account for assets held by the Township in a Trustee capacity.

The Township reports the following funds as major governmental funds:

General Town Fund Mental Health Fund General Road and Bridge Fund

### Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Township. The effect of material interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenue include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and standard revenues that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

### d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues and additions are recorded when earned and expenditures and deductions are recorded when a liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied (i.e., intended to finance). Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The Township considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and are recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Township.

The Township reports deferred revenue on its financial statements. Deferred revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the Township has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

### e. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The township's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

### f. Capital Assets

Capital assets which include land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000, and an estimated useful life greater than one year. Additions or improvements that significantly extend the useful life of an asset, or that significantly increase the capacity of an asset, are capitalized. Expenditures for asset acquisitions and improvements are stated as capital outlay expenditures in the governmental funds.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized.

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2020

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Depreciation of capital assets is recorded in the Statement of Activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position and is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives.

Buildings and Improvements	40 years
Equipment	3 – 10 years
Infrastructure	10 years

### g. Property Taxes

The Township must file its tax levy ordinance by the last Tuesday in December of each year. The Township's property tax is levied each year on all taxable real property located in the Township. The levy becomes an enforceable lien against the property as of January 1 in the year in which the levy is adopted. The property tax levies for the Township, Road District, and Special Police District were adopted on December 17, 2019.

Property taxes are collected by the DuPage County Collector/Treasurer who remits to the Township its share of collections. Taxes levied in one year become due and payable in two installments on June 1 and September 1 during the following year. The installments are based on the current levy, assessment and equalization.

Following are the tax rates applicable per \$100 of equalized assessed valuation as it pertains to the 2018 tax levy:

	Maximum	Actual
	Percent	Percent
Town Fund	None	0.0692
Mental Health Facility	0.1500	0.0216
General Assistance	0.1000	0.0002
Road District:		
Road and Bridge	0.9400	0.0364
Permanent Road	0.2500	0.0574
Equipment and Building	0.1000	0.0028
Special Police District	0.1000	0.0356
		0.2232

Property taxes are based on the assessed valuations of the Township's real property as equalized by the State of Illinois. The equalized assessed valuation (EAV) of real property totaled \$3,723,335,535 for the 2018 tax levy for all funds except the special police fund which has an EAV of \$343,539,159.

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2020

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### h. Personal Property Replacement Tax

During fiscal year 2020, one installment of 2019 and seven installments of 2020 Personal Property Replacement taxes were recorded in the Special Revenue Fund (Road and Bridge) and General Town funds totaling \$109,601 and \$70,036, respectively. In accordance with State Statute, \$25,982 of Special Revenue Funds (Road and Bridge) Personal Property Tax was remitted to the villages within the Township.

### i. Use of Estimates

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Township's investment policy limits its investments to those approved for governmental units as set forth in the most current issue of the Illinois Compiled Statutes 30 ILCS 235/2. Statutes allow investment in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, insured credit union shares, obligations of the U.S. Treasury or its agencies, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. or agreements to repurchase such obligations. Also authorized are short term commercial paper rated within the 3 highest classifications established by at least 2 standard rating services, as further constrained by 30 ILCS 235/2 (a) (4).

### a. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

At March 31, 2020 the carrying amount of the Township's deposits totaled \$5,550,675, excluding \$1,300 of petty cash, and the bank balances totaled \$5,610.699. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Township's investment policy requires that deposits in excess of 10% of the capital and surplus of a financial institution be collateralized. When collateral is required, the investment policies require it be held by an independent third party in the form of government securities. As of March 31, 2020, the Township had no deposits that were uninsured and uncollateralized.

# 3. CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets during the fiscal year.

	Balances April 1 Additions		Retirements		Balances March 31		
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Land Nondepreciable Equipment	\$	2,036,260 186,603	\$	-	\$	186,603	\$ 2,036,260
Capital Assets Being Depreciated							
Buildings and Improvements		2,408,326		100,495		-	2,508,821
Equipment		3,379,626		383,542		-	3,763,168
Infrastructure		4,352,938		-		-	4,352,938
		10,140,890		484,037		-	10,624,927
Less Accumulated Depreciation For							
Buildings and Improvements		1,566,489		85,585		-	1,652,074
Equipment		1,899,696		375,186		-	2,274,882
Infrastructure		4,178,859		169,730		_	4,348,589
		7,645,044		630,501		-	8,275,545
Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net		2,495,846	····	(146,464)			2,349,382
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	4,718,709	\$	(146,464)	\$	186,603	\$ 4,385,642

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Township as follows:

General Government	\$	74,854
Highways and Streets	<u> </u>	555,647
·	-	
	\$	630,501

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2020

### 5. RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS

### a. Plan Description

The Township's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Township's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at <a href="https://www.imrf.org">www.imrf.org</a>.

### b. Benefits Provided

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

### 5. RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

### c. Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of December 31, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	69
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	22
Active employees	30
Total	121

### d. Contributions

As set by statute, the Township's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The Township's annual contribution rates for calendar years 2020 and 2019 were 0.82% and 0.79%, respectively. For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020, the Township contributed \$15,900 to the plan. The Township also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

### e. Net Pension Liability

The Township's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

### f. Actuarial Assumptions

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2019:

- The Actuarial Cost Method used was Entry Age Normal.
- The Asset Valuation Method used was 5market value of assets.
- The Price Inflation Rate was assumed to be 2.50%.
- Salary Increases were expected to be 3.35% to 14.25%.
- The Investment Rate of Return was assumed to be 7.25%.
- Projected Retirement Age was from the Experience-based Table of Rates, specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to an experience study from years 2014 to 2016.
- The IMRF-specific rates for Mortality (for non-disabled retirees) were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.
- For Disabled Retirees, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table, applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives.

# RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

- For Active Members, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.
- The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the longterm expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	37.0%	5.75%
International Equity	18.0%	6.50%
Fixed Income	28.0%	3.25%
Real Estate	9.0%	5.20%
Alternative Investments	7.0%	3.60 - 7.60%
Cash Equivalents	1.0%	1.85%
	100.0%	

# **Single Discount Rate**

A Single Discount Rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.25%, the municipal bond rate is 2.75%, and the resulting single discount rate is 7.25%.

# 5. RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

# h. Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (A)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)		Net Pension Liability (A) - (B)	
Balances at December 31, 2018	_\$_	18,324,204	\$	19,090,129	\$	(765,925)
Changes for the year:						
Service Cost		203,389		-		203,389
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		1,290,748		-		1,290,748
Changes of Benefit Terms		_		No.		-
Differences Between Expected and Actual						
Experience of the Total Pension Liability		(219,310)		-		(219,310)
Changes of Assumptions		-		-		-
Contributions - Employer		-		190,680		(190,680)
Contributions - Employees		-		93,558		(93,558)
Net Investment Income		_		3,872,394		(3,872,394)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds						• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
of Employee Contributions		(1,244,962)		(1,244,962)		
Other (Net Transfer)		_		(232,874)		232,874
Net Changes		29,865		2,678,796		(2,648,931)
Balances at December 31, 2019		18,354,069	\$	21,768,925	\$	(3,414,856)

# i. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.25%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

	Current
	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase (6.25%) (7.25%) (8.25%)
Net pension liability (asset)	\$ (1,547,222) \$ (3,414,856) \$ (4,998,883)

March 31, 2020

### 5. RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

### j. Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Township disclosed pension expense of \$451,933. At December 31, 2019, the Township disclosed deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 88,366	\$ 134,270
Changes in assumptions	75,538	-
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments		1,060,535
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in		
pension expense in future periods	163,904	1,194,805
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	4,433	-
Total	\$ 168,337	\$ 1,194,805

Amounts disclosed as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

	Net Deferred				
Year Ending	C	Outflows of			
December 31	F	Resources			
2020	\$	(232,598)			
2021		(378,861)			
2022		86,882			
2023	***************************************	(506,324)			
Total	\$	(1,030,901)			

#### 6. FUND BALANCE REPORTING

According to Government Accounting Standards, fund balances are to be classified in to five major classifications: Nonspendable Fund Balance, Restricted Fund Balance, Committed Fund Balance, Assigned Fund Balance and Unassigned Fund Balance.

#### a. Nonspendable Fund Balance

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example inventories and prepaid amounts. Due to the cash basis nature of the Township all such items are expensed at the time of purchase, so there is nothing to report for this classification.

#### b. Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance classification refers to amounts that are subject to outside restrictions, not controlled by the entity. Things such as restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Special Revenue Funds are by definition restricted for those specified purposes.

#### c. Committed Fund Balance

The committed fund balance classification refers to amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority (the Board of Trustees). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of formal action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

## d. Assigned Fund Balance

The assigned fund balance classification refers to the amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent should be expressed by (a) the governing body itself or (b) a body (a budget or finance committee, for example) or official to which the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

#### e. Unassigned Fund Balance

The unassigned fund balance classification is the residual classification for amounts in the general operating funds for amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

#### f. Expenditures of Fund Balance

Unless specifically identified, expenditures act to reduce restricted balances first, then committed balances, next assigned balances, and finally act to reduce unassigned balances,

Expenditures for a specifically identified purpose will act to reduce the specific classification of fund balance that is identified.

Notes to Financial Statements (Concluded) March 31, 201520

#### 7. CONTINGENCIES

The Township is a defendant in various tax objection cases. Due to the tax objection process, it is not determinable what potential liability there will be for the Township and Road District, and no provision for settlement costs have been included within the financial statements. With regard to other pending or unasserted matters, the eventual outcome and related liability, if any, is not determinable. Accordingly, there also has been no provision for settlement costs made within the accompanying financial statements.

#### 8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; injuries to employees; illnesses of employees; and natural disasters. The Township is a member of a public entity risk pool which is described below that provides insurance coverage for those risks.

### a. Public Entity Risk Pool

The Township is a member of the Township Officials of Illinois Risk Management Association (TOIRMA). TOIRMA provides risk management services and insures all of the Township's property, general liability, automobile, employee dishonesty, and excess liability claims up to specified limits.

TOIRMA is a separate entity which sets rates and purchases commercial excess and stop loss coverage. The Township pays annual premiums to TOIRMA for coverage. Supplementary payments may also be required by TOIRMA's Board of Directors should the premiums paid be insufficient to fund operations. No such supplemental payments have been required. No material decreases in insurance coverages have occurred nor have any insurance claims in excess of insurance coverages been paid or reported. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

#### 9. LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

Chapter 50, Section 405/1 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes provides "no township, school district or other municipal corporation having a population of less than 300,000 shall become indebted in any manner or for any purpose, to an amount, including existing indebtedness in the aggregate exceeding 2.875% on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county purposes, previous to the incurring of the indebtedness or, until January 1, 1983, if greater, the sum that is produced by multiplying such governmental unit's 1978 equalized assessed valuation by the debt limitation percentage in effect on January 1, 1979."

Assessed Valuation - Tax Year 2018		3,723,335,535
Legal Debt Limit - 2.875% of Assessed Valuation	\$	107,045,897
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit		_
Legal Debt Margin, March 31, 2020	\$	107,045,897

Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability And Related Ratios Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Last Five Calendar Years

	2019	2018
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service Cost	\$ 203,389	\$ 184,396
Interest Changes of Benefit Terms	1,290,748	1,249,371
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes of Assumptions Benefit Payments, Including Refunds	(219,310)	488,394 417,494
of Member Contributions	(1,244,962)	(1,163,057)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	29,865	1,176,598
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	18,324,204	17,147,606
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING	\$ 18,354,069	\$ 18,324,204
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		
Contributions - Employer	\$ 190,680	\$ 232,403
Contributions - Member	93,558	111,059
Net Investment Income  Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions	3,872,394 (1,244,962)	(1,415,875) (1,163,057)
Other (Net Transfer)	(232,874)	494,082
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	2,678,796	(1,741,388)
Plan Net Position - Beginning	19,090,129	20,831,517
PLAN NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 21,768,925	\$ 19,090,129
EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)	\$ (3,414,856)	\$ (765,925)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	118.61%	104.18%
Covered Payroll	\$ 1,984,808	\$ 1,919,816
Employer's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	-172.05%	-39.90%

2017	2016	2015
2017	2016	2015
\$ 188,066	\$ 188,968	\$ 188,736
1,249,936	1,220,891	1,197,310
- 240,856 (551,108)	- 58,622 -	(31,374) -
(1,103,841)	(1,057,704)	(1,023,022)
23,909	410,777	331,650
17,123,697	16,712,920	16,381,270
\$ 17,147,606	\$ 17,123,697	\$ 16,712,920
\$ 486,422	\$ 561,967	\$ 680,285
99,420	76,376	74,270
3,417,422	1,192,347	85,335
(1,103,841) (250,373)	(1,057,704) 181,276	(1,023,022) 210,179
(200,373)	101,270	210,179
2,649,050	954,262	27,047
18,182,467	17,228,205	17,201,158
\$ 20,831,517	\$ 18,182,467	\$ 17,228,205
\$ (3,683,911)	\$ (1,058,770)	\$ (515,285)
121.48%	106.18%	103.08%
\$ 1,789,275	\$ 1,697,228	\$ 1,640,671
-205.89%	-62.38%	-31.41%

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Schedule of Employer Contributions Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Last Five Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	De	ctuarially etermined entribution	in A D	entributions Relation to actuarially etermined contribution	_	ontribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2020 2019 2018 2017	\$	15,900 46,049 80,540 127,514	\$	190,900 221,049 480,540 552,514	\$	(175,000) (175,000) (400,000) (425,000)	\$ 1,992,074 1,932,490 1,865,831 1,758,383	9.58% 11.44% 25.75% 31.42%

#### **Notes to Schedule**

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 of each year, which is 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine 2019 contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method

Amortization method

Aggregate entry age normal Level percent of pay, closed

Remaining amortization period

Taxing bodies (Regular, SLEP and ECO groups): 24-year closed

Early Retirement Incentive Plan liabilities: a period up to 10 years

selected by the Employer upon adoption of ERI.

SLEP supplemental liabilities attributable to Public Act 94-712 were financed over 19 years for most employers (three employers

financed over 29 years)

Asset valuation method

Wage growth Price Inflation

Salary increases

Investment rate of return

Retirement age

5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

3.25%

2.50%

3.35% to 14.25% including inflation

Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant

to an experience study of the period 2014 - 2016.

Mortality

For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015.). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current

IMRF experience.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General and Major Special Revenue Funds Year Ended March 31, 2020

	***************************************	General Town Fund				
	C	Original and				
		Final				
		Budget		Actual		
Revenues						
Property Taxes	\$	2,570,100	\$	2,568,639		
Replacement Taxes	Ψ	46,000	Ψ	70,036		
Interest		26,100		41,278		
Intergovernmental		134,041		89,850		
Miscellaneous		8,500		45,200		
modelianoda		0,000		10,200		
Total Revenues		2,784,741		2,815,003		
Expenditures						
Current Operating						
General Government		3,281,790		2,756,090		
Highways and Streets		-		_		
Health and Welfare		-		_		
Capital Outlay	*******	192,150		81,652		
Total Expenditures	***************************************	3,473,940		2,837,742		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(689,199)		(22,739)		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year				2,249,487		
Fund Balance, End of Year		:	\$	2,226,748		

	Mental He	ealth	Fund	General F	Road	Fund	
0	riginal and			(	Original and		
	Final				Final		
	Budget		Actual		Budget		Actual
\$	800,000	\$	801,980	\$	2.071.100	\$	2.072.546
Φ	800,000	φ	001,900	Φ	2,971,100	Ф	2,972,546
	-		45 700		77,000		109,601
	6,000		15,736		12,390		31,006
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		55,000		119,946
	806,000		817,716		3,115,490		3,233,099
	-		_		_		-
	-		_		1,620,300		1,120,046
	1,230,600		457,400		-		_
	-		-		2,592,000		1,928,440
		***************************************					
	1,230,600		457,400		4,212,300		3,048,486
\$	(424,600)	\$	360,316	\$	(1,096,810)		184,613
		•					
			648,329		_		1,792,326
		\$	1,008,645		:	\$	1,976,939

Notes to Required Supplementary Information March 31, 2020

#### **Budgetary Data**

Annual budgets for all Governmental Funds are adopted on the cash basis by the Board of Trustees. However, the actual amounts reported on the modified accrual basis do not differ significantly from the cash basis. This allows for comparability between budget and actual amounts. The Town Fund and Road District budgets were adopted on March 19, 2019.

The level of control (level at which expenditures distributed many not legally exceed the budget) is the fund. The budget lapses at the end of each fiscal year.

The Township follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 1, the Supervisor and Road Commissioner submit to the Board of Trustees a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on the following April 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayers comments.
- 3. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General and Special Revenue Funds.
- 4. The Board of Trustees may make transfers between the various items in any fund not exceeding in the aggregate 10% of the total of such fund.
- 5. The Board of Trustees may also amend the budget in total by the same procedures of its original adoption.

The Motor Fuel Tax Fund is not budgeted. Accordingly, the account balances of this fund represent reconciling items between the modified cash basis financial statements and the financial statements prepared on a budgetary basis.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General (Town) Fund Year Ended March 31, 2020

	0	riginal and Final Budget		Actual
Revenues	_		_	
Property Taxes	\$	2,570,100	\$	2,568,639
Replacement Taxes Interest		46,000 26,100		70,036 41,278
Intergovernmental		134,041		89,850
Miscellaneous		8,500		45,200
Total Revenues		2,784,741		2,815,003
Expenditures				
Supervisor's Division Current				
Salaries and compensation		0.40,000		007.000
Elected officials salaries Staff salaries		342,080 562,970		337,698 527,343
Statt Salaties		302,370		327,343
		905,050		865,041
Staff expenditures				
Staff expenditures		2,000		994
Supervisor's expenditures		8,450		8,448
Town clerk's expenditures		1,000		488
Workshops/seminars/meetings		5,500		4,161
Dues		10,200		4,744
		27,150		18,835
Office our and thurse				
Office expenditures Office Supplies		13,200		13,149
Publishing/subscriptions		10,850		1,321
Postage		14,500		2,706
Data processing		12,250		5,197
Telephone		15,700		14,811
		66,500		37,184

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) General (Town) Fund Year Ended March 31, 2020

	F	nal and inal udget	Actual	
Expenditures (continued)				
Operating expenditures			,	
Accounting services	\$	7,500	\$	5,099
Consulting services		5,500		3,900
Legal services		19,300		22,938
Insurance		-		86
Utilities		43,000		35,331
Unemployment		-		3,931
Building maintenance/supplies/services		68,500		45,608
Township vehicle		3,500		567
Senior programs		10,000		5,285
Mosquito abatement		198,000		170,246
Transportation		138,000		66,494
Weed control program		18,000		2,226
		511,300		361,711
IMRF				
Town		15,160		11,963
IMRF regular reserves		175,200		175,000
IVITY Tegular Teserves		170,200		173,000
		190,360		186,963
Social Security				
Town current contributions		130,130		111,425
10WI GUITOIL GOTHI BUILDING		100,100		111,720
Employee benefits				
Health insurance		521,300		448,823
		521,300		448,823
T-4-1 O	_	054 700		0.000.000
Total Current Expenditures	2,	351,790		2,029,982
Capital outlay				
Office equipment		25,150		16,893
Capital improvements		167,000		64,759
Total Capital Outlay		192,150		81,652
Contingencies		50,000		
Total Supervisor's Division	2,	593,940		2,111,634

(Continued)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) General (Town) Fund Year Ended March 31, 2020

Expenditures (continued) Assessor's Division Current		iginal and Final Budget	 Actual
Salaries and compensation Staff salaries	\$	710,000	\$ 609,545
Staff expenditures Staff expenditures Workshops/seminars/meetings Workshop travel/expenses Dues		5,500 7,500 8,500 3,000 24,500	 2,073 4,230 2,180 1,443 9,926
Office expenditures Office Supplies Printing Office equipment Postage Film Equipment repair Assessment manuals Maps/plats Data processing Telephone	***************************************	7,500 6,500 12,200 6,500 50 1,500 19,500 750 42,300 7,700	7,239 2,494 10,934 500 18,046 - 42,272 7,641
Operating expenditures Legal services Assessor's expenditures Building maintenance	************************	20,000 8,500 12,500	 - 8,448 9,063
Total Current Expenditures		41,000 880,000	 726,108

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) General (Town) Fund Year Ended March 31, 2020

	Original and Final Budget			Actual
Expenditures (continued) Total Assessor's Division	\$	880,000	\$	726,108
Total Expenditures Disbursed		3,473,940		2,837,742
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(689,199)		(22,739)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		,		2,249,487
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$	2,226,748

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Mental Health Fund Year Ended March 31, 2020

	C	original and Final Budget		Actual
Revenues				
Property Taxes Interest	\$	800,000 6,000	\$ 	801,980 15,736
Total Revenues		806,000		817,716
Expenditures Current				
Township Admin Services		50,000		50,000
Dues and Memberships		3,200		2,375
Public Notices Publ. Serv MHB		800		762
Printing MHB		300		-
Postage MHB		300		-
Accounting Services MHB		3,600		975
Legal Services MHB		1,500		-
Insurance MHB		2,500		-
Grants		1,027,000		403,288
Grant Reserves		141,400		-
Total Expenditures		1,230,600		457,400
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	(424,600)	=	360,316
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year				648,329
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$	1,008,645

Schedule of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances Combining Balance Sheet - By Department General Road Fund March 31, 2020

Assets		Road and Bridge	Special Hard Road Tax		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	926,489	\$	747,410	
Receivables: Property Taxes Receivable Replacement Taxes Receivable		698,144 21,032		2,270,860	
Due from Employees - Flex Benefit Prepaid Expenses		6,086		1,337 3,453	
Total Assets	\$ 1,651,751			3,023,060	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances					
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued salaries and related expenditures	\$	5,020	\$	- 13,649	
Total Liabilities		5,020		13,649	
Deferred inflows Property taxes levied for subsequent years		698,144		2,270,860	
Fund Balances Restricted for: Maintenance of Highways and Streets		948,587		738,551	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	\$	1,651,751	\$	3,023,060	

 Equipment and Building		Construction or Repair of Bridges	Total
\$ 104,560	\$	185,241	\$ 1,963,700
131,982 - - -	**********	- - -	3,100,986 21,032 1,337 9,539
\$ 236,542	\$	185,241	\$ 5,096,594
\$ -	\$	-	\$ 5,020
 -		_	 13,649
 -	····		18,669
 131,982		<del>-</del>	 3,100,986
 104,560		185,241	 1,976,939
\$ 236,542	\$	185,241	\$ 5,096,594

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - By Department General Road Fund Year Ended March 31, 2020

		oad and Bridge	Special Hard Road Tax		
Revenues Property Taxes Replacement Taxes Interest Miscellaneous	\$	737,805 109,601 11,997 119,946	\$	2,130,831 - 15,102	
Total Revenues	***************************************	979,349		2,145,933	
Expenditures Current Operating Highways and Streets Capital Outlay	***************************************	370,144 369,422		749,902 1,439,623	
Total Expenditures		739,566		2,189,525	
Net Change in Fund Balance		239,783		(43,592)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		708,804		782,143	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	948,587	\$	738,551	

-	Equipment and Building	 Construction or Repair of Bridges	 Total
\$	103,910 - 1,585 -	\$ - - 2,322 -	\$ 2,972,546 109,601 31,006 119,946
	105,495	2,322	3,233,099
	- 119,395	-	1,120,046 1,928,440
	119,395	-	3,048,486
	(13,900)	2,322	184,613
	118,460	182,919	 1,792,326
\$	104,560	\$ 185,241	\$ 1,976,939

Detailed Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - By Department General Road Fund Year Ended March 31, 2020

	Original and			
		Final	A = 4 - = 1	
	Budget			Actual
Revenues		•		
Road and Bridge Department				
Property Taxes	\$	736,050	\$	737,805
Replacement Taxes		77,000		109,601
Interest		4,550		11,997
Miscellaneous		55,000		119,946
Total Road and Bridge Department	w	872,600		979,349
Special Hard Road Tax Department				
Property Taxes		2,133,050		2,130,831
Interest		7,540		15,102
Total Special Hard Road Tax Department		2,140,590		2,145,933
·				
Equipment and Building Department				
Property Taxes		102,000		103,910
Interest		300		1,585
Total Equipment and Building Department		102,300		105,495
Construction or Repair of Bridges Department				
Interest	*	-		2,322
Total Construction or Repair of Bridges Department		_		2,322
Total Revenues	\$	3,115,490	\$	3,233,099

Detailed Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - By Department General Road Fund Year Ended March 31, 2020

Expenditures	Original and Final Budget	Actual	
Road and Bridge Department Current Staff expenditures	\$ 8,500 \$	5,627	
Staff expenditures Dues Workshops/seminars/meetings	5,500 4,000	3,566 520	
Office expanditures	18,000	9,713	
Office expenditures Office supplies Office equipment Publishing/subscriptions Postage	3,000 2,000 1,500 1,500	813 939 440 799	
Operating Expenditures	8,000	2,991	
Accounting services Utilities	5,200 35,000	3,900 30,968	
Personal Property Replacement Tax Legal services	26,000 15,000	26,179 10,973	
Insurance - G/L, Property Mosquito abatement Equipment rental	39,500 198,000 1,000	36,646 170,247	
Gas/oil Maintenance/operating Building/shop/operating	50,000 50,000 104,500	34,453 24,553 19,521	
building/shop/operating	524,200	357,440	
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 550,200	370,144	

Detailed Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - By Department General Road Fund (Continued) Year Ended March 31, 2020

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
Expenditures Disbursed (continued)		
Capital outlay Engineering Contract work/maintenance R.O.W. acquisition Maintenance equipment/vehicles Equipment	\$ 81,600 468,400 1,000 50,000 175,000	\$ 81,507 163,318 - 46,228 78,369
Total Capital Outlay	776,000	 369,422
Contingencies	50,000	 -
Total Road and Bridge Department	1,376,200	 739,566
Special Hard Road Tax Department Current Salaries and compensation Salaries - office Salaries Vehicle Use	60,200 501,500 	55,187 452,387 429
	561,700	 508,003
Operating expenditures Insurance - W/C & U/C Engineering Professional Services Rental of equipment Building/shop/operating supplies Maintenance equipment/vehicles	21,300 33,700 25,000 1,000 30,000 40,000	20,896 - 6,980 - 13,516 2,844
IMRF Road	151,000	44,236 4,059
Social Security Road	43,000	36,647
Employee benefits Health insurance	189,400	 156,957
	189,400	156,957
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 945,100	\$ 749,902

(Continued)

Detailed Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - By Department General Road Fund (Continued) Year Ended March 31, 2020

Expenditures Disbursed (continued)	Original and Final Budget	Actual
On that would be		
Capital outlay Contract work/maintenance	\$ 1,451,000 \$	5 1,439,623
Contingencies	50,000	-
Total Special Hard Road Tax Department	2,446,100	2,189,525
Equipment and Building Department Capital outlay		
Equipment Vehicle	200,000 15,000	109,195 10,200
Total Capital Outlay	215,000	119,395
Contingencies	5,000	
Total Equipment and Building Department	220,000	119,395
Construction or Repair of Bridges Department Capital outlay		
Bridge improvements/drainage	150,000	-
Contingencies	20,000	
Total Construction or Repair of Bridges Department	170,000	
Total Expenditures Disbursed	\$ 4,212,300 \$	3,048,486

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds March 31, 2020

	Special Revenue					
Assets		General Assistance	Special Police District			
Cash and Investments Receivables	\$	80,254	\$	51,699		
Property Taxes Receivable  Due from Other governments		112,573 -		129,333 -		
Due from Employees - Flex Benefit Prepaid Expenses		2,420 -		-		
Total Assets	\$	195,247	\$	181,032		
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances						
Liabilities	•		æ	40.207		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued salaries and related expenditures	\$ 	1,064	\$ 	10,207 		
Total Liabilities		1,064		10,207		
Deferred inflows						
Property taxes levied for subsequent years		112,573		129,333		
Fund Balances Restricted for:						
General Assistance Police Protection		81,610		- 41,492		
Motor Fuel Tax				41,492		
Total Fund Balances		81,610		41,492		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	\$	195,247	\$	181,032		

Spec	cial Revenue Motor	
	Fuel Tax	 Total
\$	-	\$ 131,953
	199,300 - -	241,906 199,300 2,420
\$	199,300	\$ 575,579
\$	-	\$ 10,207 1,064
	-	 11,271
<del></del>	<del>-</del>	 241,906
	- - 199,300	81,610 41,492 199,300
	199,300	 322,402
\$	199,300	\$ 575,579

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended March 31, 2020

	Specia	I Revenue
	General Assistance	Special Police District
Revenues Property Taxes Motor Fuel Taxes Interest Miscellaneous	\$ 7,385 - 936 1,715	5 \$ 121,535 - 3 931
Total Revenues	10,036	
Expenditures Current Police Protection Highways and Streets Health and Welfare Capital outlay	- - 101,682 8,786	
Total Expenditures	110,468	3 122,489
Net Change in Fund Balance	(100,432	2) (23)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	182,042	2 41,515
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 81,610	) \$ 41,492

Spec	ial Revenue		
	Motor	-	
F	uel Tax		Total
\$	-	\$	128,920
	92,046		92,046
	4,409		6,276
	-		1,715
	96,455		228,957
***************************************	30,433		220,931
	-		122,489
	136,643		136,643
	-		101,682
	-		8,786
	136,643		369,600
	(40,188)		(140,643)
	239,488		463,045
\$	199,300	\$	322,402

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Assistance Fund Year Ended March 31, 2020

	Original and Final Budget			Actual	
Revenues					
Property Taxes	\$	7,100	\$	7,385	
Interest		500		936	
Miscellaneous		-		1,715	
Total Revenues		7,600		10,036	
Expenditures					
Current					
Salaries and compensation					
Salaries		47,030		40,994	
Staff expenditures					
Staff expenditures		500		10	
Workshops/seminars/meetings		1,000		433	
1	***************************************				
		1,500		443	
Office expenditures					
Office supplies		1,500		508	
Subscriptions		300		219	
Postage		600		-	
Building maintenance/supplies/service		8,800		8,725	
Telephone		950		135	
Legal services		7,500		-	
		19,650		9,587	
Operating expenditures					
Insurance		11,300		7,991	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Assistance Fund Year Ended March 31, 2020

	_				
	Or	Original and Final			
		Finai Budget		Actual	
		-			
Expenditures (continued)					
Current (continued)					
Hardship/emergency					
Food	\$	3,000	\$	-	
Rent		20,000		12,099	
Utilities		16,300		16,282	
Clothing		1,000		-	
Medical		1,000		-	
Moving/transportation		1,000		-	
		42,300		28,381	
Occasional analysis and					
General assistance		00.400		44.050	
Monthly grants Medical		28,400		11,050	
Burials		8,000		-	
		2,000 4,000		2 226	
Holiday projects		4,000		3,236	
		42,400		14,286	
Total Current Expenditures		164,180		101,682	
Capital outlay					
Office equipment		10,000		8,786	
Contingencies		3,000		-	
Total Expenditures		177,180		110,468	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(169,580)		(100,432)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year				182,042	
Fund Balance, End of Year		,	\$	81,610	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Special Police District Fund Year Ended March 31, 2020

	Original and Final Budget			Actual	
Revenues			_		
Property Taxes Interest	\$	121,700 300	\$	121,535 931	
Total Revenues		122,000		122,466	
Expenditures					
Current					
Police patrol		132,620		122,489	
Miscellaneous		500		-	
Contingencies		600		-	
Capital outlay		800		-	
Total Expenditures		134,520		122,489	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(12,520)	:	(23)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year				41,515	
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$	41,492	

Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds Year Ended March 31, 2020

		alances April 1		Additions	Deductions			Balances March 31	
Road and Bridge Bond Permit Escrow Fund									
Assets									
Cash	\$	137,500	\$	196,910	\$	182,910	\$	151,500	
Liabilities									
Deposits Payable	\$	137,500	\$	196,910	\$	182,910	\$	151,500	
Flex Benefit Fund									
Assets									
Cash	\$	18,969	\$	26,095	\$	31,318	\$	13,746	
Liabilities									
Benefits Payable	\$	18,969	\$	26,095	\$	31,318	\$	13,746	